

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 37.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1903.

NO. 131.

Every day brings new proof of our good work in

Fitting Glasses



Heads that have ached for years have been cured with glasses made by us.

And 90 per cent. of those persistent headaches are caused by defective eyes.

Our System of Eye Examination

Discovers every eye defect, and we grind lenses to exactly correct these defects. Have you ever been in our Optical Parlor? If not, ask to see it, and by the way have your eyes examined; it will cost you nothing. You will be surprised at the number of optical appliances we have and the amount of benefit we can perhaps give you.

Glasses are only prescribed where necessary.

Challoner & Mitchell,
OPTICIANS AND JEWELLERS, 47 and 49 GOVERNMENT ST.

House of Lords Whisky

ASK YOUR WINE MERCHANT FOR
UNDER'S



The only Scotch Whisky continuously supplied in bulk or bottle since 1879
"TO THE BRITISH HOUSE OF LORDS."

Hudson's Bay Co.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR B. C.

THE ACTIONS OF THE COMBINATION

In their effort to defeat us have not been using every underhanded method they are. They state, "that we initiated an agreement for a combination of prices," is untrue and misleading, and we challenge them to prove it. The statement that we are giving "short weight" cannot in one instance be proven. Our weights in every instance are 16 ounces to the pound. We warn the public against any statements this Association may make.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.,
CASH GROCERS

USE THE BEST Mellor's Pure Liquid Paints
Cost no more than the ordinary paint, but are LASTING, therefore cheap.

J. W. MELLOR & CO., LIMITED, 78 FORT STREET.

No. 1 Eating Potatoes
We have now received our own grown Island spuds, guaranteed ripe and good cookers.

Sylvester Feed Co., 87-89 YATES STREET

TEL. 418.

LONG BALLOON TRIP.

SUICIDE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Two French Aeronauts Travel From Paris to Hull.

London, Sept. 28.—Count de la Valux and Count D'Outremont descended yesterday in a balloon near Hull, Yorkshire, having journeyed from Paris in seventeen and three-fourths hours. This is the first time that a balloon has successfully travelled from France to England.

Count de la Valux is one of the best known French aeronauts. In August, 1902, he made the record balloon trip for that year, having ascended from St. Cloud, near Paris, and landed at Opoes, Hesse, a distance of over 419 miles, which he covered in 19 hours. In 1901 and again in 1902, accompanied by French warships, he made endeavours to cross the Mediterranean from near Marsailles to Algeria in a balloon with a view to demonstrating the possible utility of balloons in time of war. Both these efforts were unsuccessful. Last January he sent a trial balloon from Gabes, in Tunis, across the desert of Sahara, with a view to ascertaining the feasibility of an aerial trip across the desert.

Matthew E. Gherke, a German brewer, drowned himself by jumping off of Landsend into the ocean. He had just returned from Germany, where he had received a legacy. He claimed to have been bungled since his return, of \$3,500. He had \$1,000 in a local bank.

William Chambers, a shop grower, of Asti, shot himself after an interview with his wife, who refused to live longer with him.

Every French home is constructed on a plan of secrecy. No windows are visible from the streets.

Shakespeare is acted in Germany almost as often as in Britain.

LABOR DEFENDS SIR W. MULOCK

AGAINST ATTACKS OF THE MANUFACTURERS

Minister's Reply to Delegation From Congress Which Waited on Them and the Premier.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Sept. 29.—A delegation from the Trades and Labor Congress waited on Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir W. Mulock yesterday and protested strongly against the Manufacturers' Association's conduct in attacking the labor department and the minister of labor. The delegation spoke strongly in favor of the department, and approved of the minister of labor, Sir William Mulock, in reply, said that the department of labor was there to stay. Its existence has just as much right as the department of agriculture, trade, and commerce, or any others. He regretted that a feeling of kind should be fostered between employers and employees, and said that he was in favor of conciliation, so that all disputes might be settled by arbitration. Public opinion was the great court that settled such questions, as was shown by the settlement of the anthracite coal strike in the United States.

Completed Task.

A cable has been received stating that Dr. Otto Klotz, Dominion astrologer, and assistant, who started out several months ago to take the longitude and latitude between Vancouver and Brisbane, thus complete girding the globe, had reached Brisbane, the work being completed. Canada will have the credit of doing this great work. Between Greenwich, westward to Vancouver, and between Greenwich, eastward to Brisbane, the longitude was known, and now the gap is completed.

SHOT WIFE AT CHURCH.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 28.—At the German Lutheran church at the beginning of services yesterday Herman Rosso shot his wife and himself in the presence of hundreds of witnesses. Mrs. Rosso will die. Rosso, though dangerously wounded, may recover. Rosso, who had been separated from his wife, lay in wait for her opposite the church and shot her three times as she was entering the structure with her mother.

RESUMED ADDRESS.

Christopher Robinson, K. C., Was Able to Continue Speech Before the Boundary Commission.

(Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 29.—When the Alaskan boundary commission resumed its session this morning, Christopher Robinson, K. C., who suffered from severe indisposition yesterday, but who had benefited by the night's rest, resumed his speech in behalf of the Canadian claims, though at the suggestion of Lord Chief Justice Alverstone, counsel remained seated.

Mr. Robinson dealt vigorously with the fallibility of the maps of the district under contention, claiming that the American deductions therefrom were therefore weak.

NINE ARE DEAD.

Train Jumped the Track and Five Injured—Victims Terribly Mutilated.

Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 28.—White running at a high rate of speed, a southbound mail train on the Southern railway jumped the track on a trestle 70 feet high north of Danville, Va., this afternoon, and was almost demolished.

Of the crew of 16 men, including eight mail carriers, five were killed and seven injured. The recovery of Mail Clerk Spiers is not expected, and other clerks are thought to be fatally injured.

The trestle where the accident occurred is 500 feet long and is on a sharp curve. Engineer Brode, who was in command on that division, came to the curve at high speed. The locomotive had gone only about 50 feet on the trestle when it sprang from the track, carrying with it four mail cars and an express car. The trestle, a wooden structure, also gave way for a space of 50 feet.

At the foot of the trestle is a shallow stream with a rocky bottom. Striking this the locomotive and the cars were reduced to a mass of twisted iron and steel and pieces of splattered wood.

All the dead men were mutilated. Fire which appeared in the wreckage shortly after it occurred was quickly extinguished.

MURDERED BY BRIGAND.

Stole Rifle and Ammunition and Terrorized Country District.

(Associated Press.)

Cannes, France, Sept. 29.—The district around this town is being terrorized by a brigand, supposed to be an Italian, who has stolen a rifle and ammunition from a farm house and has taken to the woods. He has already robbed and murdered an elderly gentleman who was out shooting, and also made a cyclist strip and leave his money and clothes by the roadside. The police are searching the woods in the neighborhood.

BRITAIN PROTESTS

Against Excesses by Turkish Troops—Russia, Austria and Germany Bar the War.

(Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 29.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Times telegraphs that Great Britain, through her ambassador, has made vigorous and constant protests against the excesses committed by the Turkish troops, but that she apparently does not feel herself strong enough to break down the opposition of Germany, Russia and Austria, and insist upon real, instead of paper reforms, in Macedonia.

Disapprove Rising.

Berlin, Sept. 29.—According to a dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger prominent Macedonians are urging the revolutionary leaders to discontinue the uprising.

Troops Withdrawn.

Burgas, Bulgaria, Sept. 29.—Dispatches received here from the insurgent chief Godjikoff, who has been conducting operations in the Kırklisse district, announce that the Turkish troops have been withdrawn from Zabernovo, Karlovo and Gralatcevo, three points on the Turkish frontier. It is understood that this movement was in accordance with the request of the Bulgarian government that Turkey withdraw her troops from the frontier as a sign of the sincerity of her pacific declaration.

NEW WESTMINSTER FAIR.

Exhibition Opened To-Day—Better Than Ever Before.

(Special to the Times.)

New Westminster, Sept. 29.—The annual fall fair, under the auspices of the Royal Agricultural & Industrial Society, was formally opened in the presence of 3,500 people by President Trap. In a good speech. He regretted the absence of the Lieutenant-Governor and also of Premier McBride, and thus intended to give a short talk on the exhibit's which this year are better than ever. Were it not for the clashing of dates with the election the fair would have been even greater success. The stock is the finest ever shown in the West and the exhibits generally are above the mark.

Three cheers for the King were given and the people started to view the exhibits.

The Shamrocks and Westminsters are playing this afternoon.

SPECULATION AND CARDS.

Banker Lost Heavily and Is Alleged to Have Embegged \$12,500.

(Associated Press.)

Berlin, Sept. 29.—The Frankfort Zeitung says Ephriam Kämer, head of a bank at Stanislaus, Galicia, has fled after embezzling \$12,000 which had been deposited in the bank. Kämer, who is said to have lost the money in horse speculations and card playing, is reported to be on his way to America.

LONDON'S LORD MAYOR.

(Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 29.—At a meeting of the aldermen in the Guildhall-to-day Ald. Sir James Thompson Ritchie, brother of the late chancellor of the exchequer, was elevated to Lord Mayor of London for the ensuing year, in succession to Sir Marcus Samuels.

EXHIBITION NOTES.

Large Number of Entries for Bicycle Contest—Judges for Horse Races.

Entries for the forthcoming exhibition were closed yesterday. Large numbers have been received in every department, with good weather the success of the exhibition is assured.

Quite a number of those intending to enter for the bicycle races which will take place on Tuesday, October 6th, in connection with the exhibition, have been busy training, and are rounding up to form rapidly. The races will be keenly contested. A number of entries have already been made, and others are expected before the closing day, Friday, October 2nd. Some of the promising stars in the local bicycle world, among whom are Bert Gray, Geo. Jenkins, W. Nonchett and E. O. Hancock, will ride in the principal events.

The following have consented to act as judges at the horse races: J. A. Fletcher, of Vancouver; J. W. Paisley, of Chilliwack, and D. R. Ker, of Victoria.

Great satisfaction is expressed at their acceptance. The races with the many attractions and the cheap excursion rates offered by the various transportation companies will induce many to visit Victoria from the Sound cities, as well as from the Mainland and Island points.

ADJUSTING CLAIM.

Arbitration Board Is Considering Contractor Drake's Extras.

The arbitration board composed of three local architects commenced work yesterday in connection with settling the dispute as to the claim entered by Richard Drake for about \$29,000 in extras for Government House.

Contractor Drake claims that the additional sum which he asks over the contract price was incurred by the repeated changes made in the building after he took the contract. Alterations were from time to time made which involved very large expenditures. In some instances the increased price of lumber played an important part.

The architect agreed to allow \$14,000 or about half of the amount claimed, but this Mr. Drake contends would in no way meet the additional expense involved.

It will take the arbitration board a considerable time to go fully into the matter. It is sitting in the parliament buildings.

SUICIDE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Three Men Ended Their Lives—Two of Them Used Revolvers.

San Francisco, Sept. 28.—The coroner's office was busy yesterday. Three suicides were reported.

Embraced by socialistic teachings and dissident over family troubles, Henry James Masson, a telegrapher, 22 years of age, shot himself in Golden Gate park and died at the emergency hospital.

Matthew E. Gherke, a German brewer, drowned himself by jumping off of Landsend into the ocean. He had just returned from Germany, where he had received a legacy.

He claimed to have been bungled since his return, of \$3,500. He had \$1,000 in a local bank.

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Every French home is constructed on a plan of secrecy. No windows are visible from the streets.

Shakespeare is acted in Germany almost as often as in Britain.

ENCOURAGING NEWS FROM RALPH SMITH

Fish Traps Will Probably Be Approved This Year---Attorney-General's Letter to Board of Trade

will not be established save upon the advice of experts upon fish life, and under such regulations as will admit of the safeguarding and preservation of the industry. The responsibility, however, rests upon the Dominion and not upon the provincial government.

I may further say that owing to the fact that you have desired an immediate answer I have not been able to communicate with the Premier to consult with him, and the views here expressed must be considered as my personal views and not as a member of the government. (Signed) A. E. MCPHILLIPS.

Ralph Smith, M.P., who was present by invitation of the council on another matter, namely, the West Coast lights, etc., alluded to the fish trap question in his remarks. He said that although opposed by the fishermen of the Fraser he had worked hard in favor of introducing fish traps. He realized that it was necessary in the interests of the industry in Canada that modern methods should be introduced.

Mr. Smith said that he felt that it was highly probable that traps would be allowed by the Federal authorities this year. He referred to the approaching visit of Hon. R. Prentaine, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, to the province, to look into the matter. Remarks like those reported to have been used by Premier McBride in Dewdney could not fail to do incalculable injury in connection with the effort to obtain permission to use traps. Coming from the Premier of the province it would carry considerable weight.

September 22nd, 1903.

Dear Sir.—Your favor of the 21st inst., informing me that you are instructed by a special committee of your board to ask whether I am in favor of the policy of establishing fish traps would be conducive to the interests of Victoria and the fishing industry generally, I shall give to you my unqualified support. (Signed)

RICHARD HALL.

September 23rd, 1903.

Dear Sir.—In reply to your inquiry of the 21st inst., I have pleasure in stating that being fully convinced that the establishment of fish traps would be conducive to the interests of Victoria and the fishing industry generally, I shall give to you my unqualified support. (Signed)

CHAS. HAYWARD.

September 22nd, 1903.

Dear Sir.—I am to-day in receipt of your letter of 21st inst., asking me whether I am in favor of the policy of establishing fish traps and to give the policy my unqualified support, and in reply I beg to state that I have not the slightest hesitation in giving an answer to both questions in the affirmative. I may say, as is well known, that I have been advocating to the best of my ability this policy for the last three years. (Signed) H. DALLAS HELMCKEN.

Dear Sir.—I am favored with some communication of yesterday asking, under instructions from a special committee of your board, whether I am in favor of the policy of establishing fish traps and whether I will give the policy my unqualified support. In reply I beg to say that I have already taken strong ground in the legislature in favor of fish traps and am ready at all times to support a policy having for its object their establishment. I might say further that I believe fish traps can be more successfully established and operated in the waters adjacent to the southeast coast of Vancouver Island than at any other point. (Signed)



Toilet Soaps

We have just received a nice line of Toilet Soaps which we are selling at very low figures. A lovely Castile Soap, 3 cakes for 25¢; also Crystal Velvet, for the bath, 75¢.

Campbell's Prescription Store

COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

This Is the Wiring Season!

If you intend using electric light during the coming winter, now is the time to get quotations for wiring. Call us up and we will immediately look into your requirements. Our prices are reasonable and we guarantee our work. We do all kinds of electrical work and keep a good assortment of fixtures in stock. Motor work a specialty.

Carse & Metcalfe,

95 Fort St., Opposite Philharmonic Hall. Phone 643.

Electric Light Consumers!

| | | |
|------|---|-------|
| 1899 | - | 426 |
| 1903 | - | 2,139 |

The public know which is the best all-round light, as the above figures show.

We are still looking for new business. Let us supply you.

B.C. ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY, LTD.

35 YATES STREET.

NO MERCY FOR THE BULGARIANS

SENSATIONAL REPORT FROM CONSTANTINOPLE

The Recent Massacres at Beyrouth—United States Marines Are Ready to Land.

London, Sept. 28.—The Times learns that the palace committee at Yıldız, Kiosk, has recommended that all Bulgarians in the future, whether armed or unarmed, shall be shot. It is stated that the Sultan holds the same view and that orders have been issued.

Sofia, Sept. 28.—The situation is much brighter to-day and the war clouds appear to have been lifted. The Porte's assurance that the forty-two battalions recently ordered to Plevna from Monastir and Adrianople will not be removed has lessened the apprehensions of the Bulgarian government.

Situation at Beyrouth.

Beyrouth, Syria, Sept. 28.—As this dispatch is being sent, the situation at Beyrouth remains unchanged, there being a great feeling of uncertainty.

The correspondent of the Associated Press went on board the United States cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco yesterday afternoon and found them anchored in the harbor. The bluejackets and marines were all in readiness to land at a moment's notice, ammunition filled their belts and arms were stacked on deck. Rear-Admiral Cotton informed the correspondent that he was prepared to afford Americans and Europeans in general the fullest protection possible.

Guards to watch the American mission property here were furnished by the government last night. Had the governor renewed hostilities, Admiral Cotton was ready to land 500 marines. The American ships played their searchlights upon the city, illuminating not alone the property of the Syrian Protestant College, but also dark alleys and byways frequented as a rule by shady characters.

The disturbances here began on the night of Friday, September 4th. A murder was committed in Beyrouth, which was by no means an unusual thing, but in this instance the tables were turned and a native Christian killed a Moslem. The Christians became much wrought up over the affair and a genuine fight resulted. On Saturday night and on the Sunday following there was an uprising against the Christians in different parts of the city. Thirty persons were massacred in one quarter, and a reign of terror was inaugurated throughout the whole city.

A visit to the scene of the greatest slaughter found a Turkish officer dead on the ground, another with blood streaming from a wound in his face, while in the homes of the neighborhood victims lay dead or writhing in agony.

On Sunday morning a church was attacked in the same vicinity while services were in progress, but no one was killed. Panic-stricken, the Christians fled from the city or remained in their homes behind barricaded doors, while Moslems, armed with clubs, revolvers and knives, paraded the streets and fell

on any chance victim that came their way.

Monday found the situation no better.

All day stores remained closed, the streets were deserted and business came to a complete standstill.

RIOTERS ATTACK MILITIA.

Mob Defied—Magistrate and Flight En-sued—Offices Wrecked.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 28.—A dispatch just received from Sault Ste. Marie by the News, says the rioters are attacking the militia at the works. The soldiers who are being bombarded with rocks and all sorts of missiles, had refrained from firing up to the time the dispatch was filed.

Before the arrival of the troops at the Consolidated Company's offices, the mob stormed the office building and drove all the employees out. They then wrecked the offices, smashing desks, partitions and electric lights and completely demolished the interior. A magistrate read the riot act to them, but the rioters defied him. The battle between the men and the troops is still on.

Marching Into Town.

Detroit, Sept. 28.—A dispatch just received here develops that the officials of the Algoma Central have refused to send a train for more than 400 men who are in the lumber limits of the company. The men in the camps are now marching into town.

G. E. Lumsden, assistant provincial secretary, sat at his home at Toronto on Sunday of cancer of the liver.

A Cincinnati Southern passenger train, leaving Chattanooga, yesterday morning, has been derailed. The engineer and several members of the crew were killed.

Would You Think It?

Would you think it possible that you could be disappointed in the face of a woman whose shapely shoulders, and beautifull hair suggest womanly perfection and beauty? Such disappointment comes not seldom when the face turned to you shows disfiguring blotches and blemishes. In general the cause of these eruptions is impure blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood, and removes the corrupt accumulations which cause disease. When the blood is cleansed, pimples, tetter, scurvy, boils, sores, and other results of impure blood, are perfectly and permanently cured.

"For three years I suffered with that dreadful disease, eczema," writes Mrs. J. Koop of Hermon, Oregon. "I was told to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and did, after I had taken four bottles I was permanently cured. It has been a year since I stopped taking your medicine and have not had a relapse. I think your medicine a wonderful cure and hope others suffering as I did, will take it and be relieved of their suffering."

Some of the most remarkable cures effected by "Golden Medical Discovery," have been of scrofulous diseases.

"I will forever thank you for advising me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mrs. Jas. Murphy, of Fonda, Pocahontas Co., Iowa. "It has cured me of chronic scrofula of twelve years standing. I had doctors for the same disease, and they could not cure me. I also had chronic diarrhea for twelve years. I am in good health now—better than I ever was in my life, owing to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I have several bottles of the 'Discovery' before I stopped."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure disease and sick headache.

The speaker contrasted the course of the provincial leader with that of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who assumed charge of the Dominion government and enumerated a clear-cut policy in a manner both sides had to admire.

Mr. Drury then took up the statement of the Colonial referring to the "unattractive" digest in which the people of this province held Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

It was not a fair statement, for right here in Victoria there were Conservatives who recognized Sir Wilfrid as a great statesman.

He was proud of the record of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Take the Laurier government morally, financially or any other way, and it would be found that they would stand criticism.

The Liberals in the four years which they have held power have brought about a better state of finances and a better condition of business than in the whole 18

NORTH WARD LOYAL TO LIBERAL CAUSE

MEETING LAST NIGHT EXEMPLIFIED THIS

Enthusiastic Reception Tendered Candidates Who Spoke—Convincing Addresses Delivered.

In splendid contrast to the old party representatives whose word counts not so much as their action in the history of the British Columbia government during the last sixteen years, the Liberal candidates made a very favorable impression on the selections of North Ward at the meeting held in the school assembly room last night. It was a case of business men with good clean records appealing for the suffrages of the people as against men whose public careers have long ceased to be appreciated. The meeting was well attended, and the chords of sympathy struck by the speakers in their respective deliveries met with hearty response and undeniable approval. Occupying seats on the platform were the four candidates: Capt. J. G. Cox, O. H. Lugini and Dr. G. L. Milne.

The Chairman:

Capt. J. G. Cox took the chair. In a few remarks introducing the first speaker he said the meeting was called to discuss the issues of the campaign or rather the financial conditions of the province. The people had been re-electing the same old governments and he thought that they had now decided on a complete change. The only way to bring about a better state of affairs was to elect a Liberal government. (Hear, hear.) Not wishing to take up the time of the meeting the chairman called on J. D. McNiven.

Mr. McNiven:

Mr. McNiven was greeted with a storm of applause. It gave him pleasure to open the first shot in this last of what would prove a hot campaign week. A good deal of his time to date had been taken up in going around meeting the people. He had been handicapped in not having heretofore been in public life, and thus become known to the people. Explaining his position on labor subjects he said that although having taken an active part in labor matters, and still continued to do so, he did not wish it understood that he was in favor of class legislation.

Passing to the subject of Chinese employment on railway construction, Mr. McNiven dealt briefly with the cry of the Conservatives in the present campaign in condemning the Dominion government for not inserting a clause in its agreement with the Grand Trunk preventing the employment of Celestials in the building of that road. To refute effectively the contention of the Conservatives there for Mr. McBride was alarmingly, and that the Premier would have all he could do in Dewdney.

Mr. McNiven read from the report of the department of labor for the fiscal year ending 1901 the following resolution passed by the House of Commons on March 17th, 1900, which applied to all railroads.

"That all government contracts should contain such conditions as will prevent abuses which may arise from the subletting of such contracts, and that every effort should be made to secure the payment of such wages as are generally accepted as current in cash trade for competent workmen in the district where the work is carried out, and that this House cordially concurs in such policy and deems it the duty of the government to take immediate steps to give effect thereto."

"It is heretofore declared that the work to which the foregoing policy shall apply includes not only work undertaken by the government itself, but also all work aided by grant of the Dominion government."

As showing the concern of the Dominion government in this Chinese question he referred to the increase that had been made on the head tax increasing the sum to \$500; pointed out the attitude of Mr. McPhillips, the Conservative candidate, towards labor in the House in voting to defeat measures introduced for its benefit, and concluded after a short address for the support of the Liberal ticket at a whole.

Mr. Drury:

R. L. Drury, who was next called on, received a rousing reception. In opening he said that this campaign was one of the most remarkable he ever passed through. Since Premier McBride's opening speech he watched closely for an announcement of a policy. From a leader this was only to be expected, but excepting the very extraordinary declaration to the fishermen on the banks of the Fraser there had not been a single expression, notice or word to indicate what this would be, and he challenged Conservatives as well as Liberals in the hall to point out any such thing in any of the Premier's addresses on which he could appeal to the country. (Hear, hear.) As he had done on other platforms he would do again, and he would challenge the Premier to deliver in Victoria the same address he had given in Dewdney. (Hear, hear.)

The speaker contrasted the course of the provincial leader with that of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who assumed charge of the Dominion government and enumerated a clear-cut policy in a manner both sides had to admire.

Mr. Drury then took up the statement of the Colonial referring to the "unattractive" digest in which the people of this province held Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

It was not a fair statement, for right here in Victoria there were Conservatives who recognized Sir Wilfrid as a great statesman.

He was proud of the record of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Take the Laurier government morally, financially or any other way, and it would be found that they would stand criticism.

The Liberals in the four years which they have held power have brought about a better state of finances and a better condition of business than in the whole 18

years of the Conservative government.

In this connection the speaker referred for the first time to what had been done for the city, and spoke of what the building of the Grand Trunk would mean to this province. The statements of Messrs. Helmcken and others as to the redistribution bill were extravagant, and pointed out that the bill really incorporated recommendations passed by the Conservatives and forwarded to Mr. Borden. Yet Mr. Helmcken and others were working themselves into a frenzy over the matter.

There was one thing which he wished to say in regard to the Colonist's treatment of him. He disclaimed ever having entered into personalities. It was a most improper thing for a man who had voted away millions and millions of the people's property to sit in the House and others sitting with him who are now appealing to the public in this campaign. Supposing a trustee of an estate puts his hand in your pocket and helped himself, and the same principle applied. He would leave it to the public to apply the adjective. (Cries a thief! He is a rogue!)

Mr. Drury:—Well, I will not use the word dishonesty for fear it might be misconstrued, and I would be accused of using personalities against Messrs. Haywood and his colleagues.

But the people had a right to exact an explanation from those who had voted away those two blocks in Kootenay. It was the duty of Premier McBride to come down and explain. It was the duty of the electors to decide whether the government which operated this should continue to reign over this province.

A few nights ago he dealt with the financial position of the province, and he would venture again to refer to the subject. It was not a serious state of affairs to borrow money, but it was a serious state of affairs to borrow and pay it all out in overdrafts. The great bulk of it all in this province went to appropriations for roads and bridges. He never said, as Mr. Hunter had so accused, that work should be stopped, but he did claim that there was extravagance. As an illustration Mr. Pooley had said that he had over \$100,000 for roads and improvements in Esquimalt district over and above that paid into the public exchequer. The speaker met a gentleman who had told him money was being thrown away. Illustrations—Mr. Drury gave of cases in Lillooet and elsewhere. Near home he spoke of the building of a road by a road boss who told him of thus having secured 12 votes. (Hear, hear.) He believed that \$300,000 properly expended would go as far as \$1,000,000 now spent. It was time to introduce reforms, and the men who should compose the government should be carefully considered. Premier McBride, in his opinion was not going to be the man who was going to bring about these reforms.

In discussing his traps the Premier never attempted to place his argument on sound logical reasons, but simply made an appeal to a few fishermen. In concluding the speaker paid a high tribute to Mr. McNiven, who had not been so well known as the other candidates. Incidentally he had something of interest to tell the meeting. He had just seen a man from the Premier's constituency, who informed him that conditions there for Mr. McBride were alarming, and that the Premier would have all he could do in Dewdney.

Mr. Hall:

Richard Hall was at home in the district, for he could remember the time when he went out hunting in the ward. Conservatives said that Liberals were a weak aggregation, but this was an odd statement in view of the fact that the Liberals had put Premier McBride into power. The affairs of this county have not been handled as they ought to be. Taking up the subject of the civil service and its lack of system, Mr. Hall spoke of the enormous fund required to support the system in proportion to the number of the population. The civil service was always requiring extra for its maintenance. While this was the case the speaker had nothing to say whatever regarding the members of the civil service. Speaking of the cost of legislation Mr. Hall said that last session cost \$50,000. With regard to road work he said that this should be done by contract labor. Plans and specifications should be prepared of the work and tenders called for the same. This would be better than supporting a gang of road bosses.

He was in favor also of a better game law. If game and fish were better protected it would be the means of bringing many more people here.

As for education he believed that the department should buy its books from the publisher, and if this plan was carried out many of the complaints of the people would be met. As for the government printing these books, that would be absurd, for it would entail too great a cost, and the government plant was not adequate for the work.

He believed in a vigorous land policy, and in this way there should be some means afforded for intending settlers to get all the information they required. (Hear, hear.)

In closing the speaker alluded to the fish trap policy of Premier McBride. Either the people of Vancouver Island or the Mainland were going to be foisted.

He hoped whichever party was elected it would receive a substantial majority. If Mr. Elberts and others of the Conservatives were elected it would be the same old government.

A Voice:—How about 15 of a majority?

Mr. Hall:—Eight will be sufficient.

Ald. Cameron:

Ald. Cameron was the next speaker. He had never yet had the privilege of addressing electors of North Ward. He would not enter on many of the subjects at issue. He took it for granted that the position of affairs over the Bay were pretty well known. The people of Victoria knew what they were. If the Conservatives were elected there would not, in his mind, be any radical change.

It was only fair to argue, he contended, that the change worked in Dominion affairs would apply here. It was strange, as one comes West to find a province like this in such a plight.

Finances were bad, and money borrowed was required for running expenses. All knew what this meant. There was a readjustment of taxes needed. The mining laws like the land question required attention. He believed if the Liberals

were elected they would elevate the government to a higher plane.

Would the Conservative government if returned make any improvement?

A Voice:—"No."

"Well then," added Ald. Cameron, "is not it fair to reason that the Liberals if elected would work in harmony with the government at Ottawa, which as all knew was now looking to the West?" There were matters hanging fire, namely, the Indian reserve question, just because of the lack of this harmony.

The speaker took his seat amidst loud applause.

Dr. Milne:

Dr. G. L. Milne was the last speaker of the evening, and made a very favorable impression. He took up the subject of Chinese, and showed conclusively how inconsistent the Conservatives had been.

In 1892 the late Mr. Gordon, of Nanaimo, had brought in a bill asking the Dominion government to increase the tax and limit the Oriental immigration per steamer according to the tonnage of that vessel. This measure, however, the Conservative government had done its best to defeat.

FLOUR!

Hungarian
BREAD.
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PASTRY.
Three Star
FAMILY.

**The Highest
Grades!**

MILLED BY
Columbia Flouring
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ENDERBY, B.C.

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& Co., Ltd.,
AGENTS**

Sold by All Grocers.

Not often we advertise another's name, but

**Lion Brand
Boys' Knickers**

Have become so justly famous that we make an exception. They have double seats, double knees, double sewed seams, halfcast buttons, and all linings are tanned on the seams which gives them a smooth finish with no rough edges. They're the best made knickers in Canada and cost no more than the ordinary kind.

**75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25
Pair. All sizes**

W. G. Cameron,
Victoria's Cheapest Cash Clothier,
55 JOHNSON ST.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Sept. 29—5 a.m.—Although the barometer is high over this vicinity there are indications of an approaching ocean low area which will probably cause more showers throughout this province. Showers have been general over the Pacific slope, extending southward to California, and also in Alberta.

Forecasts.

For 26 hours ending 5 p.m. Wednesday, Victoria and vicinity—Moderate southerly winds, partly cloudy, with showers to-night or on Wednesday.

Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, unsettled, with occasional rains.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.12; temperature, 48; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles W.; rain, .08; weather, fair.

New Westminster—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, 44; minimum, 42; wind, calm; rain, .12; weather, cloudy.

Kamloops—Barometer, 29.98; temperature, 40; minimum, 38; wind, calm; rain, .06; weather, cloudy.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, 54; minimum, 54; wind, 6 miles W.; weather, cloudy.

Edmonton—Barometer, 29.70; temperature, 34; minimum, 34; wind, calm; rain, .01; weather, clear.

The Duke of Richmond, Lennox, and Gordon died late Saturday night at Gordon Castle, Banffshire, as the result of a chill contracted on Thursday last. The duke had been giving a large house party and the castle was full of guests when the gravity of the seizure was announced. Most of the guests left the castle Friday and Saturday.

HAVE YOU TRIED**Cowan's
Cake
Icings**

Chocolate, Pink, Lemon, Color, and White.

Prepared and flavored ready for use.

The Cowan Co., Ltd., Toronto.

THE LIBERAL CANDIDATES.

DAVID W. MURRAY,
(Ladysmith.)

Like so many other of the successful men of British Columbia the Liberal standard bearer in Newcastle district, D. W. Murray, comes from the provinces down by the Atlantic, which have given to Canada some of the brightest of her public men. Mr. Murray is a native of Prince Edward Island, but for fourteen years he has lived in this province, and from the fact that he belongs to the producing class he has a good appreciation of where taxation bears most heavily, and where it requires readjustment.

In the new city of Ladysmith, where he pursues his trade of blacksmith, Mr. Murray has taken his humble part in public affairs while earning his bread as one of the toilers of that city and camp. He has the greatest confidence in the future of the live young city, with which he has linked his fortunes and in the Island from whose mineral resources it derives its chief wealth.

It is with an honest desire to assist in the representation of the province that he has offered himself as a candidate.

Mr. Murray has issued the following address to his constituency:

To the Electors of Newcastle District:

Gentlemen—Having been chosen as the standard-bearer of the Liberal party of this district at a chilly advertised and well-attended meeting held here on August 14th, I take this method of soliciting your vote and influence in electing me to the responsible position of member for this constituency.

Being of Canadian birth and fourteen years in British Columbia, I am fully conversant with the requirements of the

ROUTINE MATTERS
BEFORE COUNCIL**A SHORT SITTING
HELD LAST EVENING**

The James Bay Bridge Will Not Be Repaired, for the Present at Least.

The city council had a short sitting last evening. The Yates Street paving by law was finally passed, allowing of work beginning next year early in the spring. Aldermen Cameron and Yates were absent.

A communication was read from J. Stuart Yates, in which he stated that owing to having to leave for England at once another member would have to be appointed on the executive of the Agricultural Society. He said that Mr. Sanger had practically been appointed to take the position on the live stock committee.

It was decided to appoint Ald. Grahame of the finance committee instead of Ald. Yates as one of the executive of four.

A. R. Milne, collector of customs, called to the attention of the council that a breach of the customs laws had been made, inasmuch as the diving apparatus from the Royal Engineers had been obtained and used in connection with the Point Ellice bridge. This was contrary to the regulations, as nothing admitted for use of His Majesty's forces could be used outside without duty being paid.

His Worship said that this use being made of the diving apparatus was entirely without his knowledge, or, he believed, the knowledge of any members of the council.

It was suggested that a letter of apology be sent to Collector Milne, and this was accordingly done.

Drake, Jackson & Helmeken, for a client, wrote again calling attention to the endangering of the foundation of their building on James Bay flats.

His Worship said this was included in the land to be expropriated.

It was decided to inform the writer that this land was to be expropriated.

W. J. Pendray called attention to

water rising above his first floor. The communication was referred to the Mayor and city solicitor.

Langley & Marti, for the Victoria Chemical Company, wrote informing the council that the company intends to erect works on the foreshore similar to those of Brackman & Ker.

Ald. Grahame raised the point that this was a question which they might object to. He thought that the city solicitor should consider this matter before the company expend any greater sum. To concede to this without a protest was playing into the hands of the chemical company.

Other members of the council thought this was a matter which the council had no choice in.

It was decided to refer the matter to the city engineer and city solicitor.

Thomas Henry wanted lumber removed from Pleasant street in front of his property, so that he could reach it.

It was pointed out that Leigh's mill used the street for piling lumber upon.

The communication was referred to the city engineer for report.

A. J. Kitch made application on behalf of Miss Branston, who had sustained injuries by a defective sidewalk. It was referred to the city solicitor for report.

Madeline Hughes again complained of a nuisance from bone grinding in the vicinity of her place. It was pointed out that the thirty days allowed in which to stop the nuisance expired on the 10th of the month. It was referred to the city engineer for report.

A communication was read from J. Stuart Yates, in which he stated that owing to having to leave for England at once another member would have to be appointed on the executive of the Agricultural Society. He said that Mr. Sanger had practically been appointed to take the position on the live stock committee.

It was decided to appoint Ald. Grahame of the finance committee instead of Ald. Yates as one of the executive of four.

C. H. King applied for the position of collector of customs, called to the attention of the council that a breach of the customs laws had been made, inasmuch as the diving apparatus from the Royal Engineers had been obtained and used in connection with the Point Ellice bridge. This was contrary to the regulations, as nothing admitted for use of His Majesty's forces could be used outside without duty being paid.

The purchasing agent and water commissioner recommended, with respect to the water pipes, that the tender of R. P. Rithet & Co. should be accepted; it being the lowest. The report was adopted.

J. Adams and other employees of the water works department requested that they be given one pair of gum boots annually. This was referred to the water commissioner.

The streets, bridges and sewers committee reported, among other things, that it would cost considerable to repair the

During Convalescence

Recovery is hastened, health restored and vitality renewed by the use of

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S
Malt-Nutrine
TRADE MARK.

The perfect malt tonic. A food in liquid form. It quickly builds flesh and tissue.

All druggists sell it. Prepared by the

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Orders promptly filled by

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CAMPBELL'S**Looks Like Fall!**

Time to Think of Warmer Clothing

SEE OUR ASSORTMENT:

Underwear

All Weights and Styles

Hosiery

All Weights, in Ribbed and Plain Cashmere.

Gloves

In Kid, Woolen and Cashmere.

New Fall Costumes. New Fall Coats.

**Never Be Behind
the Times**

When you have determined upon acquiring a bathtub—see who will not—don't get the antiquated painted kind, but buy a modern porcelain lined tub such as we are pleased to sell you. The difference in luxury more than exceeds the difference in cost.

A. SHERET,

TEL. 620. 102 PORT ST.

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In All the Popular Designs and Colorings.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods,

Victoria, B.C.

THE VICTORIA

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Have Secured

FAX

For a One Night Engagement in

A. O. U. W. HALL,

Tuesday, Sept. 29th

James Fax is known throughout Eastern

Canada as the Greatest Costume Comedian

and Character Vocalist.

With him are associated Ethel Schofield,

Character Dancer, and Belle Fax, Soprano.

Prices, 75c., 50c. and 25c. Plan opens

Thursday, Sept. 24th, at M. W. Watt & Co.'s.

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 30.

The Greatest of Musical Comedies,

THE

BURGO-

MASTER

By Pixley and Liders, Authors of "King

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WITH RUTH WHITE, OSCAR L. FIGMAN AND THE FAMOUS ORIGINAL CAST.

60 PEOPLE 60

Prices, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c., and gallery, 50c. Reserved seats on sale Monday at Victoria Book & Stationery Co., Government street.

VICTORIA THEATRE

LAST JOINT APPEARANCE OF

LOUIS FRED'K

James and Warde

In Wagenhals' and Kemper's Stupendous Production of

Alexander the Great

A Massive and Sublime Spectacle.

A Stirring and Impressive Play.

A Company of Fifty Players.

Prices, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c., and 50c. Seats on sale Tuesday 9 a.m.

THE ORPHEUM

Matinees Daily from 3 to 5 p.m.; Evenings, 7:30 to 10:30.

Overture Miss Copeland

Ah, I Have Sighed to Rest Me (II. Trovatore) Harry Du Ross

Layne & D'Avra in a Laughable Skit entitled—"A Case of Mistaken Identity" ILLUSTRATED SONG

Apollo in His Up-to-Date Novelty Act and Unique Designing Harry Du Ross

She's Sleeping by the Shy Rio Grande Harry Du Ross

MOVING PICTURES. Candy Matinee Saturday.

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Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 9 o'clock a. m., if received later than that hour, will be changed the following day.

The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the following places in Victoria:

Cashmore's Book Exchange, 105 Douglas.

Benson's Stationery Store, 105 Yates St.

Knight's Stationery Store, 75 Yates St.

Victoria News Co. Ltd., 80 Yates St.

Victoria Books & Stationery Co., G. Govt.

E. N. Hibben & Co., 63 Government St.

A. Edward & J. Gillis, 81 Fort St.

Campbell & Gillis, Govt. and Trounce Alley,

George Marsden, cor. Yates and Govt.

H. W. Walker, grocer, Esquimalt road.

W. Wilby, 91 Douglas St.

Mrs. Crook, Victoria Post Office.

Post Office, 105 Government St.

W. Bradbury, Esquimalt road, Victoria W.

George J. Cook, 80 Fort St.

J. T. McDonald, Oak Bay Junction.

Orders taken at Geo. Marsden's for delivery of Daily Times.

The TIMES is on sale at the following places:

Seattle—Lowman & Hanford, 616 First Avenue (Opposite Government Square).

Vancouver—Galway & Co.

New Westminster—H. Morey & Co.

Kamloops—Smith Bros.

Dawson & White Horse—Bennett News Co.

Rosedale—W. W. Ross.

Nanaimo—E. Plumbury & Co.

MENACE NOT REMOVED.

Talk about extracting rays of sunshine from cucumbers. Here is the Conservative party picking crumbs of comfort from the prediction of a newspaper published in New Brunswick. The Liberals of British Columbia are conducting their first campaign without a leader, without even a figurehead, ergo they must be defeated. The Conservatives are blessed with a figurehead, and although the fibre of that head may not be of the finest quality, it is still a head and is bound to lead its followers to victory. That is alleged to be the opinion of the St. John Globe.

We have not had the opportunity to investigate the qualifications with which that deliverance was surrounded, but we are sure that if the editor of the Globe had been on the ground during the late session of the Legislature and had observed personally the ludicrous figure the leader of the Conservative party of British Columbia cut as leader of the opposition, he would to-day be convinced that the fortunes of any party could not be improved under such a leader. It is true the relations of Mr. McBride with the government which had tried by every artifice that could be devised to rob the people of the province of a property estimated to be worth between fifteen and twenty million dollars may have been somewhat embarrassing to him as leader of the opposition and may have been the prime cause of his stepping aside and permitting one John Oliver to conduct the assault which finally culminated in the defeat of the government. Or again it may be true that the present Conservative leader has not repented and is still determined to convey blocks 4590 and 4594 to the C.P.R. He has been accused of such a design since the dissolution of the House, and although he has been challenged to indicate what disposition his government proposes to make of the coveted territory, Mr. McBride cannot be drawn into a more illuminating statement than that an investigation will be held and the legal claims of the C.P.R. analyzed. That is a very oracular deliverance, of course. Possibly it is the intention of the Premier to retain Mr. Eberts in defence of the cause of the people and to assist in the last analysis, for assuredly it will be the last if the present government be sustained.

Electors will understand from the foregoing that there is more at stake in this fight than the mere question of whether Liberals of Conservatives shall rule for the next four years in British Columbia. They have the evidence of the Premier given before a committee of the House that when the valuable blocks were conveyed to the railway company he had "but little" knowledge of their worth and acquiesced in the decision of his colleagues as a matter of form. It is not difficult to estimate what will be the consequence to the people if a man with such comprehensive understanding of public affairs is retained at the head of the government.

The menace to provincial interests was not removed by the defeat of the Prior government. The danger is just as real to-day as it was at the time John Oliver unmasked the conspirator. The present government is practically one of lawyers, and they will find a road to "the goal they have in view. Not one of the ministers of the present government took an active part in the battle which resulted in the temporary suspension of the attempt to loot the province.

BOUNDARY COMMISSION PROCEEDINGS.

If the American Commissioners on the Alaska boundary tribunal remain fixed in their absolute determination to adhere to the national interpretation of the treaty of 1825 it will be necessary for them to bump their heads up against some hard facts. Sir Robert Finlay, has been dealing telling blows at the "impossibility of the coast" theory, quite

largely from American authorities to prove the absurdity of the United States' claim. The Attorney-General quoted from the reports of Mendenhall to the United States Survey to show that he contemplated a line measured at right angles to the general trend of the coast, which might cut the longer inlets, and proved, by reference to the United States maps of the survey of 1804-5, that these instructions were carried out; and that these surveys were carried only to a point ten leagues from the mouth of Taku Inlet and other points. The surveys in question were conducted under the treaty of 1802, to acquire information considered necessary for the definition of the boundary, and the point made was so impressive that Mr. Don M. Dickenson, who will be remembered here as the leading counsel for the United States upon the commission which dealt with the Behring Sea claims, withdrew the claim that the line should be measured from the head of tidewater. Mr. Dickenson said the term tidewater was intended to be synonymous with the heads of inlets. It is not clear that the Americans have yet withdrawn any claims of value. Perhaps they have been preparing to appear magnanimous by advancing claims merely for the purpose of dramatically withdrawing them.

But the British appear to rest their case in the main matter under dispute upon the claim that the line shall be run along the summits of the mountains adjacent to the coast. The Americans proceed upon the theory that there are no contiguous ranges of mountains, and therefore they desire to fall back upon the alternative, a boundary run ten marine leagues from the summits of the coast. In laying the Canadian contention before the commissioners Sir Robert Finlay showed that twice in the negotiations it was contemplated to adopt a line irrespective altogether of the mountains. We could not suppose they contemplated an impossible line; therefore we must conclude they meant the line asked for by Great Britain, which was perfectly feasible. He took up the barrier theory and showed by many references to the law of territorial waters that Russia's barrier would not be broken by a line crossing the inlets where they narrowed to six miles, because all above that line formed part of their own territory, subject only to the right of innocent passage over them. He claimed that even if no mountains existed within the meaning of the treaty the line of the coast from which the line was to be measured should cross the Lynn Canal, where its breadth narrowed to six miles. Under the North Sea Convention, Great Britain could claim ten miles, but would be satisfied with six. The mountains, however, were presupposed by the treaty. They were not necessarily continuous, for neither the word "range" nor "chain" in the treaty distinguished between the word "parallelism" in the treaty and the general word "parallel"; the former merely calling for a general parallelism, a parallelism such as it was possible to observe. He quoted from the negotiations to show that the mountains were to be near the coast; that the Russians were apprehensive they might be so near that if the base were taken for a boundary Russia might get no lisere at all, as the mountains might descend by an invincible slope to the water's edge. He held that where the mountains fall, the width of the lisere should be measured from the mainland coast of the ocean, and, in case of a deep inlet, from a line separating the waters of the ocean from the territorial waters of Russia.

Taking up the question of the irregularity of the mountain ranges, a feature the United States claims necessitates the adoption of the alternative plan of fixing the boundary, the leading British counsel said, as regards that portion of the line north of Cape Spencer, it was difficult to understand the United States contention, for beyond all dispute there existed along that stretch a bold range of very high mountains coming down to within a short distance of the coast. The Premier will be as gay in the hands of the fish trap question. But why do they not direct the assault on the Attorney-General first? He is not afraid to face a Vancouver Island audience, if all the other ministers are.

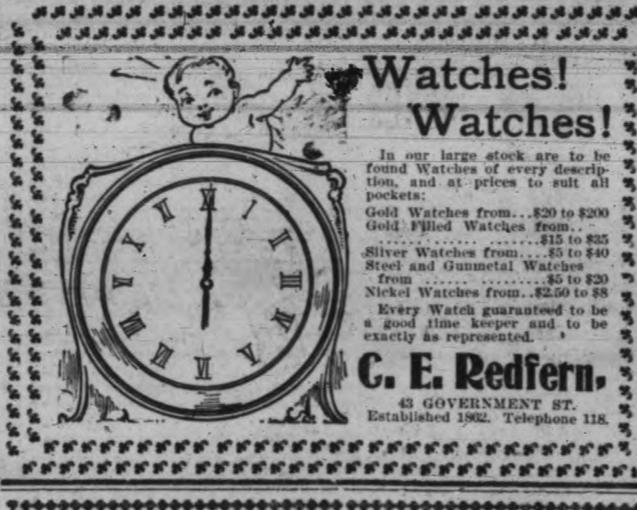
Mr. Pooley is delivering the same speech at all his meetings. It is such a convincing one that it would be a shame to vary it. Besides, an oration from Harry must put the finishing touch upon any who show sceptical symptoms. The Premier will be as gay in the hands of the fish trap question. But why do they not direct the assault on the Attorney-General first? He is not afraid to face a Vancouver Island audience, if all the other ministers are.

The Behring Sea Commission is a dangerous tribunal for an eminent man to sit upon. Lord Herschel is dead. Mr. Blake is ill, and Mr. Robinson is in a poor state of health, while Alexander Begg is crushed—perhaps. Some who sat upon the other side have also gone the way of all flesh. We are afraid the grass will be green upon the graves and ambitions of others before the matter in dispute has been finally disposed of.

Mr. Eberts is conducting a very lone-some campaign. Why does not the new Attorney-General go out and give the old a hand? They would look well on report facts. Dealing with Dull's contention that the negotiators were misled by Vancouver into supposing the existence of a symmetrical line, the Attorney-General compared two of Vancouver's charts of the same region, and showed numerous discrepancies, ranging therefrom that the negotiators could not have contemplated or expected anything like uniformity or regularity in the mountain line.

We have received the following new goods: Cocoa door mats, tapestry carpet squares, and a line of medium-quality lace curtains. Weller Bros.

The underlying fallacy of the United

Watches!
Watches!

In our large stock are to be found Watches of every description, and at prices to suit all pockets:
Gold Watches from \$20 to \$200
Gold Filled Watches from \$15 to \$25
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Every Watch guaranteed to be a good time keeper and to be exactly as represented.

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DEALERS IN
GENERAL HARDWARE
A LARGE SHIPMENT OF ENGLISH AND NORWAY IRON
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FULL LINE OF AMMUNITION AT LOW PRICES
CALL AND SEE US BEFORE BUYING.

Telephone 3. P. O. Box 423. Wharf St., VICTORIA, B.C.

NONE BUT TORIES NEED APPLY.

To the Editor.—On the first of last August, while working on the Hastings Barnet road at Barnet, I was discharged by the foreman without cause, as I think I can prove that my work was satisfactory. The fact that I am a Liberal may have had something to do with it. About ten days later I went to the road superintendent's office for my pay, and was told that there was nothing there to show that I had done any work, and was refused my pay, which I have not yet received. I have since written to the department in Victoria, and have also spoken to the Premier, asking for an investigation, but nothing has been done as yet, as far as I know. It seems too bad that this crowd who are in control of the road department in New Westminster should have the power to treat workmen in this way. But I suppose I will either have to lose my pay or bring action against the government, as it seems they are not willing to do anything in the matter.

J. W. SUTHERLAND,
Chilliwack, B. C.
Sept. 25th, 1903.

POLICIES COMPARED.

To the Editor.—In to-day's Colonist appears the report of the Liberal meeting in the North Ward. It would appear by that report that I had placed the responsibility for the contents of the letter written to the government by Messrs. Bodwell & Irving to that firm. This is not so. The firm of Bodwell & Irving were only acting as the solicitors of the Canada Western, or afterwards called the British Pacific. Our Conservative friends will try to shift their responsibility in this matter, and also try to rid themselves of the proposition contained in their negotiations with the government at that time.

Let me cite their proposition as regards Charles Wilson, K.C., of Vancouver, who has been twice elected leader of the Conservative party. Owing to circumstances he could not control Mr. Wilson today occupies a subordinate position in the first Tory government of British Columbia, but he may have hopes, as he wields the broom. Sir Charles Tupper was going to sweep the Liberals out of Canada with Mr. Wilson knows Premier

McBride is about the most incompetent leader the Conservatives could have had forced upon them; that he knows as much about Parliamentary procedure as one of the pages of the House. Notwithstanding the prompting of a coterie of followers, during the last session the titular leader, now Premier, was continually making pitiable exhibitions of himself. After a tour of the Mainland the rejected leader says the McBride government is going to "sweep the province." There is reason to believe, however, that a sufficient number of Liberals will be left to form a very strong government. It was so in the last two Dominion elections after Sir Charles Tupper had done sweeping. The Tories are merely talking to stimulate fear.

Upon the subject the number of Chinese who can be imported into the country is limited. It is our intention, as soon as our arrangements are completed, to begin work and push it through with all possible speed; and in that connection we should, if China's labor is employed, place upon the ground a large force of workmen. Under the present system it would be impossible for us to import them in sufficient numbers within the time which will accord with our other plans. It appears to us that an arrangement might be effected with the Chinese government by means of which the embargo may be raised for a limited time.

Let me cite their proposition as regards the Chinese in a letter dated 19th August, 1892, and addressed to the Attorney-General:

"Under the present Dominion regulations upon the subject the number of Chinese who can be imported into the country is limited. It is our intention, as soon as our arrangements are completed, to begin work and push it through with all possible speed; and in that connection we should, if China's labor is employed, place upon the ground a large force of workmen. Under the present system it would be impossible for us to import them in sufficient numbers within the time which will accord with our other plans. It appears to us that an arrangement might be effected with the Chinese government by means of which the embargo may be raised for a limited time.

Executive: T. J. TRAPP, President; A. D. STUART, A. D. HOLMES, A. D. WILSON, G. D. BREWSTER, H. R. MCNAUL, W. R. GILLEY, L. A. LEWIS, D. S. CURTIS, C. A. WELSH, GEO. ADAMS, JOHN REED, W. A. D. JONES, J. A. CONNELLHAM.

For size lists, entry forms, and full particulars, write to T. J. TRAPP, W. H. KRARY, President, Manager and Secretary.

BILL SMITH.

(An Amplification.)

Bill Smith was over six feet tall, and weighed two hundred pounds. You couldn't find a huskier man in all the country round.

His appetite was always good;

His throat was always dry;

At night he slept a full ten hours,

To wake up feeling spry,

And make the hockeys fly.

Bill's wife was quite a little thing, And never had been strong.

But day by day she toiled away,

And somehow rubbed along.

She always had the cottage neat,

Her meals were something fine,

She split the wood and did the chores,

Or languor showed no sign,

But filled the washing line.

Now Bill he had no steady work,

And cursed the wealthy nob.

So one day Jack, the sawmill boss,

Gave him a choice of jobs.

But at the very sight of toll,

Bill suddenly felt queer.

His limbs were all a-tremble at

A job of work so near.

He had to run for her.

SYMPATHY FROM THE GALLERY.

Music and Drama.

Maud Adams says that while attending a performance in the Palace theatre, London, a young dude insisted on standing up in the pit, to the great annoyance of those behind him.

The Conservative policy was a policy of doing nothing. The policy of Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been to comply with the wishes of the people, and he has done so by raising the per capita tax to \$2.00. This is the instance and suggestion of the Liberals of British Columbia. The resolution put forward last week at Ottawa by the Conservatives, in view of their past record on the Chinese question at Ottawa, and by their friends the Conservatives in British Columbia, is the veriest piece of political clap-trap that can be imagined.

Let "him alone; he's only a poor tailor resting himself."

G. L. MILNE.

The dude sat down.

SPENCER'S
WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE.

These are busy days in the
Jacket AND Costume Dep't

The last lot to arrive 483 garments—makes a great showing. A noticeable feature about the New Jackets is the great variety of styles, very few alike, but every one very stylish.

Jackets at Popular Prices, \$6.00, 7.50, 9.00, 10.00, 12.00, 13.50, 14.50, 15.00, 16.00; better ones, up to \$75.00.

Mantels, Crates and Tiles
AT
W. J. ANDERSON'S

WHITE TEETH

No matter how well Nature has endowed you, it is necessary to use the best Tooth Powder and preservative you can find. It doesn't pay to risk getting discolored and unsound teeth. You should use our

Carbolic**Tooth Powder, 25c.,**

Regularly. It cleans the teeth and corrects bad breath. We have a very large stock of Tooth Brushes to select from.

CYRUS H. BOWES

CHEMIST,
98 Government St., Near Yates St.
PHONES 425 AND 450.

City News in Brief.

Going to Vancouver or Westminster? Take the Terminal railway at 7:00 a.m. daily.

Fall house cleaning. You are preparing for house cleaning. Prior to the introduction of fires and stoves can we have your carpets to clean and alter, and at the same time sell you some new goods? Weller Bros.

The master mechanic's pure tar soap heals and softens the skin, while promptly cleansing it of grease, oil, rust, etc. Invaluable for mechanics, farmers, sportsmen. Free sample on receipt of 2c. for postage. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs., Montreal.

The pheasant season opens on Thursday next, and judging from reports received the birds are very numerous this year, and no doubt some large bags will be secured. The district surrounding Duncans, Somenos and Westholme is the most popular, and Wednesday night's train will carry a large number of sportsmen who wish to be on the field early next morning for the opening of the season.

J. E. Cowan, of Messrs. Weller Bros., has received word of the death of his brother, Maynard Cowan, at Winnipeg last Friday. The late Mr. Cowan was well-known in business circles in this city. He was connected with the Board of Trade, the Tramway Company, and at one time with the Victoria & Sidney Railway Company. He left here for Spokane about eight years ago. He was a native of Ottawa, and about 30 years of age. He leaves widow and two children.

It is understood that Architect Ratner submitted several designs for the new C. P. R. hotel to Sir Thomas Shaughnessy when he was here on Saturday. The president was favorably impressed with them, but suggested several alterations, with which the architect is now engaged. The president said that it was the company's intention to erect a hotel which in comfort and convenience will be unsurpassed on the continent. To accomplish this no expense will be spared, and if necessary their architect will be sent abroad to acquire the most modern ideas.

The adjourned meeting of the executive of the Young People's Guild of St. Andrew's church was held last evening, when the president, T. M. Henderson, and the secretary, Geo. Brown, were re-elected unanimously. It was decided to change the evening of meeting from Monday to either Wednesday or Thursday evenings, but that question was left open until the first meeting of the Guild, which will be held on Wednesday, October 14th. A social evening will be given by the Guild on that occasion, and will be devoted to vocal and instrumental music, speeches, recitations, etc. All are invited to attend.

The Toronto Saturday Night is noted for the uncompromising frankness with which it deals with public entertainers and their work. The following item from its columns concerning the work of Mr. Williamson therefore seems to amply justify the pleasant anticipations indulged in by so many of our citizens in regard to that gentleman's appearance here on the evening of Tuesday, October 6th: "From all points of view E. S. Williamson's 'Evening With Dickens' was a complete success. He has succeeded in arousing a large amount of interest in his beloved author, and in throwing the white light of the stereotype upon his life in such a way as to instruct as well as entertain."

Mr. Williamson has the advantage of a clear, clean style, and his pointed selections of essential and ornamental material were of the best. His work is a credit to himself and literary Toronto." Mr. Williamson will present his "Evening With Dickens" in the Metropolitan church on the evening of October 6th.

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SOCIALIST CAMPAIGNING.

Candidate Watters and E. T. Kingeler Held Fort Last Evening.

At Odd Fellows' hall last evening the Socialists held a campaign meeting, attended by a good sized audience. Moses McGregor presided. Candidate Watters spoke, decrying the working class must hang together if they wished to see their aims and objects accomplished. Geo. Oliver spoke next, and in a graphic manner told of the economic degradations of the ordinary worker, and other evils resultant from the existing capitalist system, and said the only remedy lay in the worker setting himself free from this capitalist exploitation by political action.

E. T. Kingeler being present, next addressed the meeting, and in a telling, pointed way, traced man's evolution from savagery and barbarism to the civilization of the present day.

To-night on Broad and Yates another meeting will be held, weather permitting. An adjournment to Labor hall will be made if the weather proves unfavorable.

Mrs. Irene Smith is expected to speak

Wednesday night in A. O. U. W. hall, Thursday night in Semple's hall, Victoria West, and in Institute hall on Friday night.

Political meeting—Irene Smith, J. C. Watters, Socialist candidate, and others will address a meeting in A. O. U. W. hall, Wednesday evening, September 30th.

There will be a meeting of the L. O. No. 1,426, at the Sir William Wallace hall to-morrow night for the purpose of welcoming the Grand Lodge officers, who will be in the city. All Orangemen resident in the city cordially invited.

The series of fortnightly dances given by the Royal Engineers' Quadrille Club last year, are to be repeated this season. The first dance will take place on Thursday, October 1st. Invitations issued last year stand good for the ensuing season.

You can save money by patronizing home companies. The rates charged by The Mutual Life of Canada are lower than those of American companies. It is also a fact that The Mutual Life of Canada has paid better results on its matured policies. For rates and information apply to R. L. Drury, Provincial Manager, 34 Broad street.

A private letter received a day or two ago in this city from a friend living near Dawson, speaking of the show says: "It was really fine, exhibits splendid. Some turnips weighed 20 lbs. each, and there were eight potatoes grown on one stalk that weighed 94 lbs. Flowers were lovely—calla lilies and chrysanthemums of such beauty as are rarely seen were in full bloom."

The secretary of the Tourist Association desires that those in a position to contribute flowers to be used in the rooms occupied by the representatives of the Manufacturers' Association should leave them at the headquarters of the organization on Thursday. H. Cuthbert has received letters of thanks from Lady Shaughnessy and Miss Shaughnessy for the bouquets provided them during their visit to Victoria. It is desired that a lavish supply of flowers will be forthcoming.

Taking advantage of the visit of Ralph Smith, M.P., to the city, he was asked to be present when the report was presented.

Mr. Smith said that the subject would receive his hearty support. He announced that already the money had been appropriated by the government for No. 2 in the list of recommendations. He promised to do everything he could to have these aids to navigation carried out.

Sunday school workers will hold a banquet to-night at the Metropolitan Methodist church.

Before a large audience last evening at the Centennial Methodist church, John R. Clarke delivered his lecture "To Fro and Fro in London." His words held the audience spell-bound for two hours, and then it was remarked by some that they could spend two hours longer without becoming tired.

To-morrow evening a special train will leave the Victoria Terminal station at 7:45 for Saanich, where a meeting of the educational department will give an outline of their work. A. J. Pineo, M. A., will speak on general education, and the opportunities provided by the association for its extension. The membership generally is invited, together with friends and those interested in the work.

Last night the members of the Fernwood Young Men's Association held a general meeting in their hall, North Chatham street. The business before the meeting was to make full arrangements for the winter sports. It was decided to proceed at once to add to the accommodation of the hall by building a new dressing room and installing shower baths and other conveniences. It was also arranged to improve the handball court by lengthening it, and also reboarding the same and installing new lights, so that when completed it will be without doubt the best in the city. A very gratifying offer was received from one of the members to assist in placing a new horizontal bar in the gymnasium, so that altogether the prospects are bright that the Fernwoods will have this year one of the best equipped halls in the city. P. Winch was elected secretary in the place of C. F. Banfield, resigned. The meeting then adjourned to next Monday night, when the different committees appointed will report, and the club proceed to organize the different fall and winter sports.

CEDAR HILL SAFE FOR MR. TANNER**SPLENDID MEETING****THERE LAST NIGHT****Four-Fifths of Voters of Riding in Favor of Liberal Candidate—Ralph Smith Speaks.**

company to supply coal at two dollars a ton. But for this action these villages would never have been restored.

Mr. Smith said he had called for returns in the Dominion parliament this last session as to the amount of land subsidies in the province of British Columbia, given to railways. It was astounding to see the amount of public lands which had been given away in every instance by the various people who were leading the Conservative party at the present time. The only effort that had ever been made to restore the lands in some quantities to the people was by the Scammon government, who took the opportunity to cancel charters where companies had land grants associated with them. This was because they did not comply with the conditions.

Mr. Smith made reference also to the protective legislation in favor of coal miners. While the law was placed on the statute books in 1891 they never attempted to enforce the law in any single instance. And not until they were put in power in 1898 was the mining inspector discharged and the new inspector instructed to enforce the law. When the coal company saw that the government meant business they instituted friendly proceedings to test the validity of the act, which was carried to the Privy Council in England by John Brydon. It was Mr. Brydon who was now supporting the Conservative candidates on the Island.

The speaker then referred to the Grand Trunk Pacific, and took up the resolution of Mr. Bennett regarding the employment of Chinese and Japanese on the construction work. He pointed out that he had approached the government before he left Ottawa, and had the fair wage resolution provided for in the railway commission bill, which simply meant that if Chinese and Japanese were employed they would have to be paid the standard wages, and that as a consequence they could only be employed where white men could not be secured.

No company would pay Chinese white men's wages unless they couldn't help it. It was amusing, Mr. Smith said, to read the Colonist, which was making a great stir on this matter while the Conservatives as a party in the Senate strongly opposed the increase of the head tax on Chinese. The chief proprietor of the Colonist sent a telegram to Sir Mackenzie Bowell, leader of the Conservative party, which was read on the floor of the Senate, pointing out the seriousness of placing such restriction on Chinese labor. The same proprietor of the Colonist who had continuously broken the laws of the province for years, bringing disaster and ruin on many respectable families by serious accidents, had employed this kind of labor by the hundreds in his mines.

The agriculture department should be efficiently administered, and it was most important that competent, practical men should be placed at the head of it. The board of horticulture should have a man in the House who would be able to give effect to their representations. Mr. Tanner spoke strongly in favor of the passage of a pure fruit act, which would protect local producers from a certain class of competition which was extremely detrimental to not only their interests, but to the province generally. Such an act would prevent the importation of imported fruit.

He favored a more equitable taxation of land. In regard to the mining industry, he thought that like all the other industries of the province it should be heavily encouraged, but the encouragement should be reasonable. It should not involve additional taxation of land. He also spoke in favor of civil service reform. He wanted greater efficiency for the expenditure in this department. He did not advocate discrimination, nor reduction of salaries, but there was room for a more economical conduct of the civil service.

2. Referring to Templar Channel, the eastern entrance to Clayoquot Sound, would say that though a site for a lighthouse was cleared on Leonard Island in the early part of the year, no further progress has been made in building.

3. Lighthouse on eastern point near Hesquiat.

4. The light on Great Bear rock, western channel of Barkley Sound, with sectors at, or at some suitable point so as to aid the navigation of this channel and the entrance of Ucluelet harbor.

5. Clayoquot Sound, several buoys could be placed to advantage, as there are numerous rocks and shoals.

6. North and south danger rocks, mouth of Quatsino Sound, should be buoyed.

7. Fog alarm or automatic buoys at entrance of San Juan harbor.

8. Beacon built, or large buoy on end of spit, at western side of entrance to Hesquiat harbor.

9. Lighthouse, Entrance Island, mouth of Quatsino Sound.

10. Lighthouse, Lookout Island, western entrance to Kyuquot.

Mr. Tanner then touched upon the Canadian & Western and Mr. E. T. Kingeler's connection with it. He reminded his hearers that the ex-Attorney-General had opposed repudiation to the very end. There must be reforms in connection with road work. The foreman should be elected by the people, and in that way the constituency of Saanich would be saved \$1,500. Under existing conditions the road foreman was nothing more than a canvasser for the government. Mr. Tanner concluded his remarks with a solicitation of support. (Applause.)

Mr. Smith.

Ralph Smith was enthusiastically received. He started out by devoting some attention to Mr. Ebers, and when he was finished with the ex-Attorney-General the latter presented a very sorry spectacle. Mr. Smith pointed out that the eyes of the electors of the province were on the constituency because of the nomination of Mr. Ebers.

Despite the fact that the Conservative candidate had no affiliation with his party he had been officially nominated. It was not, Mr. Smith held, a question of dishonesty in the man, it was not a question of criticism of a public man's career, but it was a question of government record by a select committee representative of the House. A great deal could be said for and against political opponents as matters of opinion, but there was nothing of that in this criticism. Pointing to the records which were on the table Mr. Smith declared that Mr. Ebers was condemned by them. In the face of this condemnation his nomination by the Conservatives had brought disgrace upon the community.

He next dealt with the government itself. They represented for the first time party-line movement in the provinces and yet they came before the country without a policy and without a principle. A position had to be assumed. The only position that could be taken was the personal record of the individuals who composed the party on the one hand and the public record of the party in the Dominion. Here Mr. Smith took them up one by one. Mr. Helmcken, Mr. McPhillips, Mr. Pooley and Mr. Ebers, who simply represented what the Times had appropriately designated the "old gang." In looking over their personal record up to 1898 Mr. Smith pointed out what they stood for, how they supported the open ballot, how they failed to enforce the laws on the statute against companies, how they gave away the public domain, and how the Laurier government stepped in and secured the interest of the province by taking over fifty thousand acres of coal lands in Southeast Kootenay and compelling the

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themselves in the manly art. Richie's whirlwind style in the contest with Attell has raised interest in the fight announced to take place on the 9th at the Victoria theatre. Richie is training steadily in preparation for the event. He will go into the ring with the determination to administer a "knock-out" to the little San Francisco man. In conversation yesterday Richie said he would be about one-third faster than he was in the fight with Attell. He acknowledges that, from his record, what he has heard, Snailham must be a good man, and he is therefore putting himself in perfect shape for the contest.

Snailham is not at all daunted by the prospect of a 20-round fight with the Chicago whirlwind. He said yesterday that he was sure of winning, but was taking no chances. Every afternoon he has a bout with some local heavyweight. The other day he stopped a boxer twice his size in less than 10 rounds, and hopes to do the same with Richie. He says: "Richie will find if he lasts the 20 rounds that I can punch harder than he. I expect some hard fighting, but he won't find me as easy as Attell."

Casper Attell arrived from Seattle yesterday morning to assist Richie in his training. Attell should be of good service to Richie, having twice fought Snailham himself, and knowing all of his weak points. Attell has great confidence in Richie's ability to win from Snailham, and will be with Richie from now till the contest takes place. If Richie wins from Snailham it is his intention to go after Frankie Neal for the bantam championship. He says he never trained as faithfully for a contest in his life as for the present one.

A Frisco exchange publishes the following announcement from Snailham:

"After the battle is over Snailham will take on any man who will give him battle. A couple of years ago Billy was one of the cleverest and hardest fighters in this city. It is claimed he has returned to his old form."

A DRAW.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 28.—Kid Carter and Gus Rublin fought a hard rough six-round draw fight to-night at the Washington Sporting Club.

sufficient teams entering the junior and senior leagues. Most of the schools will have eleven participating in the former, while in the latter there will be the Victoria senior team, the Barracks eleven, the Y. M. C. A., and in all probability the Columbia aggregation. Proceedings will commence at 8 o'clock sharp, and all athletic associations are asked to be represented.

CRICKET.

SEASON'S RECORDS.

The cricket season closed some weeks ago as far as the local teams are concerned. On the whole, the Victoria club first eleven has made an excellent record, having won eleven games out of eighteen played. Members of the club look forward to a more successful season next year, however, as then the grounds which were leased from the Provincial Royal Jubilee hospital will be in the best of condition. It will be remembered that work on the new crease was started early in the spring, but it was decided not to use them this year owing to the tenderness of the grass. Next summer, however, the crease will be in splendid shape. There has been some talk among local enthusiasts of putting cricket on the same standing as any other sport and charging an admission fee for big games with Vancouver or Seattle teams. Whether this idea will be carried out is a matter of conjecture.

Referring to the past season, the secretary of the Victoria club says:

"A general meeting of the Victoria Cricket Club will be held in the near future at a date to be yet arranged. The committee will hand in their report for the past year, and a statement of the club's finances will be read. All interested in cricket will be welcome. The past season has been very satisfactory, the club having 11 wins and one draw, game out of a possible 18. It may be noted that, with the exception of one game against Vancouver, all the matches the club lost were away from home. The fact that the committee had considerable difficulty in securing teams for the away matches, certainly accounts for 50 per cent. of the losses. This does not by any means detract any credit from the prowess of our victors. The club hope to make an even better showing next season, as it is an assured fact that the membership will be greatly increased, and therefore there will be more to select from. The new ground is in first-class shape, and it is hoped that next season a good professional will be engaged to coach at the club.

No election of officers was then proceeded with and resulted as follows:

Captain, Harold Marland; vice-captain, Robinson; secretary-treasurer, L. Foot; executive committee, C. Berkeley and A. Newcombe.

JUNIOR MEETING.

A meeting of the junior players was convened after the intermediates had transacted their business. The first matter considered was the election of officers which resulted in the selection of the following: Hon. president, Captain J. W. Troup; president, Robin Bunnage; vice-president, John Douglas; captain, R. L. Netherly; vice-captain, L. Swanson; secretary, H. Ogden; treasurer, L. Ball.

It was decided that the season would be opened on Saturday next by a practice match at the Caledonia grounds. All those interested directly or indirectly are invited to attend so that the first game may be marked by the attendance of a sufficient number for the selection of two full teams and may prove of profit to the juniors. This year the boys are most enthusiastic, many having been out training for some weeks past. They are confident of bringing back the championship, as the 15 will be considerably stronger than last season.

Before the adjournment of the meeting a vote of thanks was tendered E. E. Lessou, proprietor of the Victoria hotel, for the use of a meeting room.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS.

To-morrow evening a special meeting of the shareholders of the James Bay Athletic Association will be held to consider amendments to the by-laws of the association in order to allow Rugby football players the privileges of the club for the coming season. A full attendance is requested.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

MEETING TO-NIGHT.

To-night the annual general meeting of the B. C. District Association Football League will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms for the purpose of making arrangements for the season. Delegates will be sent from all local athletic clubs which intend entering either the junior, intermediate or senior leagues. Three or more teams will have to be promised for each league before organization will be proceeded with. Thus, if there are not that number of teams anxious to compete for the Intermediate Cup that trophy will have to remain idle for another season. There is no doubt that there will be sufficient, and more than

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The forthcoming 20-round contest between W. Snailham and J. Richie continues to be the all-absorbing topic of conversation among those who interest

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Big Party of Canadian Manufacturers' Association Nearing Victoria—An Influential Organization.

Victoria has thrown open her gates to many prominent bodies since she became conspicuous as a tourist resort, and it is safe to say that never has she welcomed a more important organization than the party of Canadian manufacturers who are now rapidly nearing the city. There are more than a hundred and fifty of these knights of industry who will enjoy the hospitality of Canada's most westerly capital—men to whom the country looks for its commercial upbuilding and progress. The original itinerary provided for their arrival here to-morrow evening, but unfortunately somewhere in the Territories a day was lost and they will therefore not reach Victoria until Thursday. This delay, however, will not in any way affect the arrangements for their reception and entertainment, and no effort contributory to their pleasure will be omitted by those responsible for the programme.

On their arrival the large party will be received by the Mayor, city representatives, the committee of the Board of Trade and others having the arrangements in hand. D. R. Ker, a vice-president of the British Columbia branch of the association, has gone to the mainland to meet the party. On Thursday evening the visitors will be the guests of the citizens at a reception to be given in the assembly room of the parliament buildings. The entire edifice will be brilliantly lighted for the occasion. Light refreshments will be provided and music furnished. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor having kindly offered to attend to the arrangements for the latter. On Friday Esquimalt and the various points of interest there will be visited, and in the afternoon the city drive will be taken in.

It is most important that this influential body should be adequately entertained and impressed with this city. A large turnout of citizens is thereby expected at the reception to be held on Thursday. The Victorians who had been from Nova Scotia have energetically arranged to give the members of the association from that province a right royal reception. The government steamer *Quadrado* has been kindly placed at their disposal by the Dominion government and a voyage down the Straits will be enjoyed.

An interesting incident of the trip was the meeting with the British delegates to the Trades Congress at Peninsular, east of Port Arthur. The two trains crossed at that point and were stopped for an hour, during which time the members of the two parties fraternized amicably. The expressions of the British delegates indicated that they had formed a high opinion of Western Canada and were strongly impressed with its various resources and trade possibilities. The two parties separated with cheers for each other and wishes of good luck.

Of the leading members an Eastern exchange says:

Lient-Col. Garishore, vice-president of the McClary Manufacturing Company, of London, has been coming West since 1879, and feels at home as soon as he strikes Winnipeg. Asked as to the present excursion, the colonel said: "I think the great value of this excursion West will be two-fold. In the three weeks the party will see more of the West and get a better idea of its possibilities than they could in months coming individually. And, secondly, the meeting together of manufacturers from all parts of Canada, the getting acquainted at our annual gatherings, the interchange of methods of business; in fact, the general swapping of ideas will be of untold benefit not only to ourselves as manufacturers, but I think also to the West. Of course, we have hardly shaken down yet, as we have been only one day and two nights on the train, but speaking roughly I should say that the foundry people have

men and have shown much ability in their respective positions, having accomplished the lion's share of the work of getting the association into its present excellent working shape.

G. F. Cleveland, of the J. L. Goodliffe Company, best manufacturers, of Montreal, is with the party.

Mr. Eastwood, of New Glasgow, who is accompanied by Mrs. Eastwood, represents the James Eastwood Company, builders of railway cars and other heavy lines of machinery.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Burton spent the Winnipeg allowance of time with Rev. J. B. and Mrs. Silcox, Hargrave street. Mr. Burton represents the Merchants Dyeing Company, a concern that imports enormous quantities of English-made clothes for dyeing and finishing in Canada.

R. Gray is of William Gray & Son, Limited, of Chatham. The carriages of the house have long enjoyed a wide reputation in the West.

The house have long enjoyed a wide representation Christie, Brown & Co., Ltd., Toronto. The manufacturers of stables have been purchased, others built, and a church is now in course of construction.

Mr. Whitten is here for George Tuckett & Sons, Canada's great tobacco manufacturers. Mr. Dolph, of Preston, is here for the Metal Shingle and Siding Company. Both these gentlemen find their goods popular in the West.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton of Kingston, were noted. Mr. Newton represents the Kingston Hosiery Company, one of the few woolen goods people who have come West with the manufacturers.

S. A. Jacobs, of Montreal, represents the New York Silk Waist Company.

J. S. Neil is vice-president of the J. Bruce-Payne Cigar Company, and J. M. Fortier is of the J. M. Fortier Cigar Company, Montreal. This is Mr. Fortier

his first visit to the West for several years.

W. L. Edmonds, editor of the MacLean Publishing Company's papers, is with the manufacturers. This is Mr. Edmonds' first trip West and he will transact business for his house as well as take in the sights.

EXPECT WORLD TO END SOON

A Remarkably Colony Has Been Established in Switzerland.

Belief that the end of the world will come at Easter of next year and an overwhelming desire to be ready for immortality, are the motives which have brought several hundred Americans, Germans and Swiss together in one of the most extraordinary colonies ever established. Much respecting the doings of these people is being reported at Geneva of late.

The leader is a man named Klein. The colony's location is at Enden, in the Canton of St. Gall, Switzerland. Villas have been purchased, others built, and a church is now in course of construction. In its main features the sect resembles the Quakers, and its members are so firmly convinced that the end of the world will arrive at Easter, 1904, that they are making preparations to meet the end calmly and in peace.

The Victoria Jubilee presents, which have been on exhibition at Toronto, have been packed for shipment to St. Louis. The size of the cases has proved a great difficulty in shipping them, and to facilitate the work the United States government sent two of the most commodious cars in the Republic. The presents will be watched by four men until they reach St. Louis, when they will be placed in the vaults of a trust company.

HENRY M. STANLEY
WHO RESCUED LIVINGSTONE IN THE
WILDS OF AFRICA.

PAINES CELERY COMPOUND

Paine's Celery Compound

HAS

Rescued and Saved
Tens of Thousands
of Men and Wo-
men From Disease
and Death.

If You Have
Rheumatism,
Neuralgia,
Dyspepsia or
Nervousness, Try

PAINES CELERY COMPOUND.



Do You Want

Your house wired?
An electric door bell?
Electric burglar alarms?
A telephone from office to warehouse?
A telephone from house to stable?
An electric motor to run a sewing machine or to operate a lathe?
We can supply you with anything electrical.
Let us hear from you.

THE HINTON ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED.

Removed to 88 Yates Street

BETWEEN DOUGLAS AND BROAD STREETS.

THE LATEST STYLES IN

MILLINERY

JUST OPENED

MRS. M. A. VIGOR.

WE GUARANTEE

"White Horse Cellar"

SCOTCH WHISKY

10 Years Old.

W. A. WARD & CO.,
Victoria, B.C.

Sole Agents for B.C.

Notice.

Mr. Pooley Will Adress

The electors of Esquimalt District at the following places at the dates and times mentioned, viz.:
SCHOOL ROOM, LAMPSON STREET, Wednesday, 23rd Sept., at 8 p.m.
METCHOSHIN, AGRICULTURAL HALL, Saturday, 26th Sept., at 8 p.m.
COLWOOD, SCHOOL HOUSE, Monday, 28th Sept., at 8 p.m.
SOKE, CHARTER'S HALL, Tuesday, 29th Sept., at 8 p.m.
PARSON'S BRIDGE, Wednesday, 30th Sept., at 8 p.m.
ESQUIMALT, MASON'S HALL, Friday, 2nd Oct., at 8 p.m.

ROBERTS AND KITCHENER
AND THE WARS is the title of the great Canadian book by the brilliant Literature-T.
G. Marquis, R.A. A book more thrilling than romance of the two greatest living soldiers and of the
war in which they have fought. Standard biography and
military history of the last war. Magnificent engravings
of the battles, etc. My book. Cheap. Soft cloth, a
wind. Territory being grabbed by old empires. Price
per volume five on promise to canvas. Send 20 cents for postage.
Agents commission. Credit given. No expense
necessary. LINCOLN PUBLISHING COMPANY, BRANTFORD, ONT.

"Bristling With Goodness" St. Ann's School, QUAMICHAN, B.C.

A Boarding School for girls, with department for orphans, pleasantly situated at three miles from Duncan's Station. Primary and Preparatory English Course. Competent instructors for piano and needlework. Cutting and fitting also taught. Board and tuition nine dollars a month. For particulars address

SISTER SUPERIOR,

Tzozhalem P. O.

B.C. Ladies' College RESIDENTIAL AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

English subjects, Language, Music, etc. Fall term opens Sept. 8th. For terms apply

REV. JOS. MCCOY, M.A.,
Principal,
57 Alfred Street.

THE VOGEL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

The Largest, Best and Most Successful Business School in British Columbia. OFFICE WORK AND BOOKKEEPING taught without text books.

"You learn by doing." Gregg shorthand, easy to learn and fastest to write.

Alexandra Royal College of Music and Art.

Signor d'Auria, late of the Conservatory of Music in Toronto, has taken charge of the vocal department of the College, and can be consulted every Friday. Voices tested free of charge.

MRS. F. BLYTH,

EVENING

Shorthand and Typewriting

CLASS WILL COMMENCE ON SEPTEMBER 15th. For terms apply to 108 Government street. Phone 88.

School of Mining

Kingston, Ontario.

1. Four years' course for a degree (B.S.) in (a) Mining Engineering; (b) Chemistry and Mineralogy; (c) Mineralogy and Geology; (d) Chemical Engineering; (e) Civil Engineering; (f) Mechanical Engineering; (g) Electrical Engineering; (h) Biology and Public Health.

2. Three years' course for a diploma in (a) Mining Engineering; (b) Analytical Chemistry.

For calendar apply to the Secretary, School of Mining, Kingston, Ont.

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Waddington Pottery Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday the 7th day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,

Secretary.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 92 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has made application to the Governor-in-Council for approval of the construction of a wharf in the harbour of Victoria in the Province of British Columbia, and that the plan of the wharf, description of the site of the proposed wharf, have been deposited with the Minister of Public Works, and a duplicate of each in the office of the Registrar of Deeds at Victoria, in the said Province.

By order

CHARLES DRINKWATER,

Secretary.

NOTICE.

All mineral rights are reserved by the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company within that tract of land bounded on the north by the south boundary of Cowichan District, on the east by the Strait of Georgia, on the north by the 5th parallel, and on the west by the boundary of the B. & N. Railway, Esquimalt Branch.

LEONARD H. SOLLY,

Land Commissioner.

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company will be held at the Company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday the 7th day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,

Secretary.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Licensing Board at its next sitting for a transfer from Caroline Ferries to me of Victoria, of the license held by him for the same, and request by return upon the premises known as the Central Metropole Hotel, situated on Johnson street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated this 5th day of Sept., 1903.

SAMUEL J. WALDRON,

Land Commissioner.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

In the matter of an application for a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to lots Fourteen (14), Fifteen (15), Sixteen (16), Seventeen (17), Eighteen (18), Forty (40), Forty-one (41), Forty-two (42), Forty-three (43) and Forty-four (44), all being part of Sixteen Hundred and Ninety-four (694), Victoria City.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof to apply for a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above lands issued to Alexander McLean and Clarence D. Vincent on the 25th day of September, 1891, and to hold the same until 127283. S. X. WOODTON, Registrars-General, Land Registry Office, Victoria, B.C., 21st September, 1903.

FRANCIS PAGE,

J. MC. SMITH,

Executors of the Estate of the late Wm. McLean. September 20th, 1903.

"Bristling With Goodness" St. Ann's School, QUAMICHAN, B.C.

Ceylon Tea. Buy a packet, follow directions and success is assured. Sold only in sealed lead packets. Black, Mixed or Green



THE DALLAS

Victoria's only seaside resort. Strictly first-class.

THE VERNON

Tourist Headquarters, Cor. Douglas and View Streets.

J. PATTERSON,
MANAGER.



The Driard HOTEL BADMINTON VANCOUVER

JOS. W. WALLIS, Prop.

American plan Rate, \$2 and \$2.50
Situated in the heart of the city. Street cars which one block, passing continuously for all parts of the city. Barber shop in connection. Phone in every room.

Northwestern Smelting & Refining Co.

Buyers of
GOLD, SILVER AND COPPER ORES,
MATTES, BULLION, FURNACE
AND CYANIDE PRODUCTS.

Location of Works:

A GOOD TOOTH BRUSH

Best English manufacture, bristles fastened in with silver wire.
We warrant this brush to give satisfaction.

PRICE 25 CENTS EACH.

JOHN COCHRANE,

CHEMIST.

N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

AUCTION.

OUR

REGULAR WEEKLY SALE

Will Be Held

As Usual on Tuesday,

At the City Auction Mart, 58 Broad St., when a quantity of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Will be sold. No reserve

W. JONES,
Dom. Govt. Auctioneer.

Rain Coats

Now is the time to get a cheap Rain Coat.

**W. T. Hardaker,
AUCTIONEER.**

Has received a consignment, direct from the factory, of

Ladies' and Gents' Mackintosh Garments

And will offer them at private sale at his Auction Rooms, 77-79 Douglas street,

FOR ONE WEEK

These are new goods and will be sold at one-third the regular price.

Rooms open from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. while this sale is on.

W. T. Hardaker, Auctioneer

VICEROY EXONERATED.

Maharajah of Benares Explains Regarding Exchange of Ivory Chairs.

The story of Viceroy Curzon and the Maharajah of Benares' ivory chairs, about which questions unproductive of explanation were asked in the Imperial House of Commons, is elaborated by a letter from Mrs. Smeaton, a woman who has been travelling in India, and published in London. This letter told how the Maharajah explained to visitors that the bareness of his guest-house was due to his gift to the viceroy. In short, it seemed as though Lord Curzon, by a request, the refusal of which his own position and Oriental tradition made impossible, had "acquired" a suite of priceless furniture in nominal exchange for a sporting rifle worth \$200 or \$250.

As is well-known, Lord Curzon, ever since he went to India, has been a keen collector of pieces of the finest Indian workmanship, frequently sending packages to his London house. The matter naturally caused a considerable amount of talk.

Now, however, Prabhu Narain, the Maharajah of Benares, himself writes to the paper, which particularly took up the matter, explaining the circumstances of the "present of a few old-fashioned ivory chairs to the viceroy."

The Maharajah expresses painful surprise at the curious questions in the House of Commons, which is intensified to indignation when one reads Mrs. Smeaton's letter. The Maharajah proceeds: "About December 20th, 1899, after the departure of Lord Curzon from Benares, I received a letter from an agent of the Governor-General to the effect that a few ivory chairs in the side rooms of my guest-house had attracted the attention of the viceroy, as the caravans corresponded to those already in his possession in Kedleston House, England. The viceroy desired to know if I had any objection to part with them at a reasonable price, provided I had no sentimental association with them."

The Maharajah then explains the chairs hitherto had been lying in comparative oblivion, and, therefore, he expressed the hope that His Excellency would condescend to accept them, as his idea of selling such things was repugnant to Oriental notions. The agent of the Governor-General replied that the viceroy would be glad to accept the chairs as a gift, but was unable in the face of explicit rules and regulations, therupon suggested a compromise. I agreed to accept as a counter present a double-barreled rifle. This was agreed to. "Before sending the chairs I expressed a desire to have the chairs fully repaired, as really they were in a dilapidated condition, but I was asked to send them as they were."

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

Magic qualities are attached in Hungary, as in Germany, to the lime or linden tree. In some villages it is usual to plant one before a house to prevent witches from entering.

TO-MORROW THE TOURIST EXCURSION.

Tourists visiting Victoria should not fail to take the famous trip through the Gulf Islands. Trains connecting with steamer leave Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a. m. from V. & S. Railway Depot. Round trip, \$1.50.

MORE SCHOONERS JOIN FLEET HOME

Evan Satre, N. Symonds, Moton and Newton, Miss Holmes, Mrs. Holmes and Rev. M. E. Marin.

The steamer reports that the fishing fleet on the coast have not been meeting with much success because of the rough and at times foggy weather.

BOW STOVE IN.

The steamer Alki arrived at Ladysmith last night with her bow stove in as the result of a collision with a boom of logs which she struck off Fort Townsend. The Alki struck the boom with terrific force, tearing away six feet of her bow. Temporary repairs are being made. After taking on bunkers the steamer proceeds to Seattle for permanent repairs.

MARINE NOTES.

There is a report going the rounds on the Sound that James F. Lawless, manager of the Pacific Coast Steamship Co., has tendered his resignation with a view to accepting a more lucrative position. Mr. Lawless when asked regarding the truth of the report, however, would neither confirm or deny it.

CANDIDATES MUST ANSWER TO-NIGHT

(Continued from page 1.)

Capt. Burns was unfortunate in the beginning of his northern cruise, for before entering the sea one of his crew took ill with smallpox, and he had to put into Sitka, where he was detained in quarantine for 20 days. The sick man had been transferred to the schooner from the Geneva at Bamfield, and it is believed contracted the disease at Honolulu. It was the black form of smallpox, and surprise was expressed by the quarantine officer at Sitka that others of the crew of the Triumph had escaped so luckily.

The Doris Siewerd and Triumph were two of the schooners which started from here for Copper Island, but which, owing to the scarcity of seals in that locality, finished the season in Behring Sea. On the first of the present month Capt. Burns either saw or heard from nearly all the fleet in the sea, and gives the catches of the schooners up to that date as follows: Director, 357; Libra, 418; Zillah, May, 258; Victoria, 210; Penelope, 271; Annie E., Paint, 20; Alice L. Agar, 500; Diana, 200; Enterprise, 250; and the G. D. Rand, 200 tons.

Mr. Goodeve on one side of him and Hon. R. F. Green on the other side are fighting their own battles and assisting other representatives of the party interests, but in neither case is any proposal made to assist Mr. Houston. In Ymir Harry Weight, the Conservative candidate and a follower of Mr. Houston, is being left severely alone also.

Mr. Houston, it is said, will not accept aid from his leaders. He is determined to fight his own battles, and if returned will then fight his leaders.

Lack of Policy.

Throughout the up country as well as on Vancouver Island the same cry goes to the members of the McBride government to reveal its policy. Those who have been listening to the speeches of the several members of the government have all turned away with the same complaint that there has been no enunciation of policy. Never in the history of party government has there been such a spectacle before as a ministry going to the country without a policy to stand or fall by.

With the single exception perhaps of an announcement against the introduction of fish traps made by the Premier, no principle of policy has been made known. In doing this he introduced the most narrow sectionalism, promising to oppose traps simply because the fishermen of the Fraser had voted for him in the past.

MAXIM'S NEW INVENTION.

More Important Than Even His Automatic Gun Character Not Divulged.

Sir Hiram Maxim stated at a recent meeting of the Maxim Electrical & Engineering Company, of London, that he will shortly announce an important new invention which will bring forth more money than anything he has ever done, not excepting his automatic gun. He added that he was putting thousands of pounds into the invention, the character of which he will not divulge until all the patents are secured.

During the season three men from the Alice L. Agar joined the Triumph. There was trouble aboard the Alice L. Agar. She carried a partial crew of Japanese, who attempted to have things their own way. They set upon Arthur Plough, one of the arrivals on the Triumph. A fight ensued, and one of the Japs got the worst of it. A short time afterwards, however, the Jap made a vicious assault on Plough, attacking him from behind with a knife and cutting several ugly gashes in the fleshly part of his leg. Plough in consequence had to have his wounds dressed by Capt. Burns, who was dressed by Capt. Burns, who was

working with it for a while the crew of the Triumph found that they could do nothing with it.

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working with it for a while the crew of the Triumph found that they could do nothing with it.

The president of the company announced that the company had the patent for a new boiler, made entirely of steel, which was more economical in working and cheaper than anything of the kind now on the market.

FREIGHTERS FOR COASTING.

James F. Lawless, manager of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, in an interview given to the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, reports that the four new steamers to be constructed for the company are to have a carrying capacity of from 1,500 to 2,000 tons, and limited passenger accommodation.

"The idea," says Mr. Lawless, "is to construct such a vessel as will be fit for any of the company's runs, from Guymas to Nome; to equip it with the most modern freight-handling appliances."

In the construction of these vessels, which will have a minimum speed of ten and one-half knots an hour, special attention is to be paid to deck space in the matter of handling heavy machinery and freight. The forward hatchways are to be 12 feet 6 inches by 10 feet 6 inches, and those aft 10 feet 6 inches by 17 feet 6 inches.

The new steamers are to be of wood, 260 feet long and 30 feet beam, costing in the neighborhood of \$175,000 each. As yet plans have not progressed to the stage of the company's announcing where they will be built, other than in some of the shipyards on the Pacific.

SURVIVORS ARRIVED.

The survivors of the wrecked schooner Alice M. Deering have been taken to Port Townsend by the United States revenue cutter Theta. One passenger, named McDonald, and a member of the crew, whose name is unknown, were probably drowned while in search of assistance, according to the story of the survivors. Capt. Okelmutz and some of the passengers and crew remained at Dutch Harbor.

QUEEN CITY FROM COAST.

With the return of the steamer Queen City from Cape Scott and way points on the West Coast this morning came very encouraging news of the prospects for success of the Liberal candidate, W. W. B. Molanen. He has been twice along the coast as far up as Cape Scott, meeting all his settlers and everywhere accorded a hearty reception. On the trip just completed the Queen City had a rather rough trip. She had as passengers returning Messrs. King, Preston, Norland, Forester, McKenzie, Nevis, Lorerson, Christensen, Johnston, Schubert, Tregear, Marshall, Blaine, E. Dewdney, Colby,

Culliford is made of gunmetal and camphor.

The banyan tree is remarkable for the fact that its branches droop down to the ground and take root as separate stems. The orange hangs down its stem, and consequently the most juicy of the fruit is less juicy than the other half, not because it receives less sunshine, but because the juice gravitates to the lower half.

NOT A QUARTER.

But 10 cents, and 40 doses in a vial of Dr. Agnew's Little Pills. No pain; pleasure in every dose—little, but awfully good. Cure Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Nausea, Sallowness. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—117.

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